

Justice in Numbers pocketbook

August 2023



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The information in this edition of the pocketbook represents the latest information available from Justice in Numbers on **24 August 2023**.

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Guidance

This pocketbook contains a printable version of the information presented in Justice in Numbers. The QR code beneath each measure will take you to the relevant section of Justice in Numbers, where you can find additional trend data, as well as links to source material where additional context and caveats can be found to aid interpretation.

Some measures are presented as an annual trend, with data reported at fixed intervals. In some cases, more recent intermediate quarterly figures are published which do not align with these annual periods. These are highlighted in the 'Latest published data point' column of the Summary Tables, and above the relevant trend charts where applicable. The most recent and next publication dates are also listed for each measure. In cases where there is no next publication date listed, this is because a future publication date has not been announced.

Justice in Numbers can be accessed at https://data.justice.gov.uk/justice-in-numbers

Summary Tables

Headline measures

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Crime figures from Crime Survey of England and Wales	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	8.7 million	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022			20 July 2023	19 October 2023 9:30am
Police recorded crime in England and Wales	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	6.7 million	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	6.3 million		20 July 2023	19 October 2023 9:30am
Estimated total cost of crime in England and Wales	2015/16	£58.9bn				23 July 2018	
Prison population	30-Jun- 2023	85,851	30-Jun- 2022	80,659		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am
Probation caseload	31 Mar 2023	239,518	31 Dec 2022	240,431		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am
Proven reoffending rate	Jul - Sep 2021	25.2%	Apr - Jun 2021	24.8%		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am
Crown court disposals	Jan - Dec 2022	91,609	Jan - Dec 2021	95,768		29 June 2023	28 September 2023 9:30am
Crown court outstanding	31 Dec 2022	62,511	31 Dec 2021	58,388		29 June 2023	28 September 2023 9:30am
Magistrates' courts disposals	Jan - Dec 2022	1,266,872	Jan - Dec 2021	1,175,179		29 June 2023	28 September 2023 9:30am

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Civil courts - total judgments	Jan - Dec 2022	901,278	Jan - Dec 2021	980,474		1 June 2023	7 September 2023 9:30am
Family court - total cases disposed	Jan - Dec 2022	205,088	Jan - Dec 2021	249,529		29 June 2023	28 September 2023 9:30am
Tribunals disposals - overall	Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	265,628	Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	378,629		8 June 2023	14 September 2023 9:30am

Public protection

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Prison first receptions (quarterly)	Jan- Mar 2023	17,139	Oct-Dec 2022	16,422		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am
Prison population	30- Jun- 2023	85,851	30-Jun- 2022	80,659		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am
Prison releases (quarterly)	Jan - Mar 2023	11,770	Oct - Dec 2022	11,880		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am
Individuals released on temporary licence	Jan - Mar 2023	524	Oct - Dec 2022	596		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am
Prison operational capacity	Jun 2022	82,759	Jun 2021	81,154		28 October 2022	
Prison staff in post (bands 3- 5)	March 2023	22,288	March 2022	22,001	30-Jun- 2023	17 August 2023	16 November 2023 9:30am
Crowding	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	20.6%	Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	20.2 %		28 July 2022	

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Prisoner on prisoner assaults per 1,000 prisoners	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	185	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	163		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am
Assaults on staff per 1,000 prisoners	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	92	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	97		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am
Self-harm incidents per 1,000 prisoners	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	733	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	684		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am
Self inflicted deaths	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	88	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	70		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am
Random mandatory drug testing (traditional drugs)	Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.5 %	Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	10.4 %		28 July 2022	
Barricades or prevention of access	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	1,273	Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	1,217		28 July 2022	
Escapes from prison establishments and HMPPS escort	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	1	Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	0		28 July 2022	
Absconds	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	95	Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	101		28 July 2022	
Electronic monitoring caseload	31 March 2023	17,350	31 March 2022	15,394		20 July 2023	
Probation caseload	31 Mar 2023	239,518	31 Dec 2022	240,431		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am
Staff in post (Probation Service)	March 2023	19,850	March 2022	17,648	30-Jun- 2023	17 August 2023	16 November 2023 9:30am

Description	Latest trend period		Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Serious further offence convictions	Apr 2020- Mar 2021	245	Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	314		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am

Reduce reoffending

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Proven reoffending rate	Jul - Sep 2021	25.2%	Apr - Jun 2021	24.8%		27 July 2023	26 October 2023 9:30am
Housed on release from custody (SL014)	Jan- Mar 2023	83.3%	Oct-Dec 2022	81.5%		27 July 2023	
Settled accommodation at 3 months post release from custody (SL015a)	Jan- Mar 2023	72.7%	Oct-Dec 2022	72.5%		27 July 2023	
Settled accommodation at 3 months post community (SL015b)	Jan- Mar 2023	82.0%	Oct-Dec 2022	80.1%		27 July 2023	
Employed at 6 weeks post release from custody (SL016)	Jan- Mar 2023	16.4%	Oct-Dec 2022	16.3%		27 July 2023	
Employed at 6 months post release from custody (SL017a)	Jan- Mar 2023	26.4%	Oct-Dec 2022	24.5%		27 July 2023	
Employed at 6 months post community disposal (SL017b)	Jan- Mar 2023	41.8%	Oct-Dec 2022	42.2%		27 July 2023	

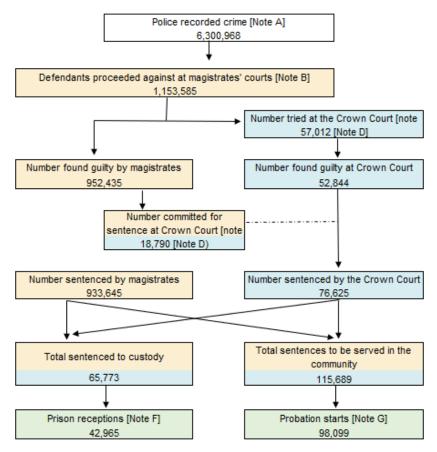
Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value		Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Random mandatory drug testing (traditional drugs)	Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.5 %	Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	10.4 %		28 July 2022	
Random mandatory drug testing - new psychoactive substances only	Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	4.3%	Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	9.0 %		28 July 2022	
Prisoners completing treatmentfree from dependence	Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	32.5%	Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	26.3%		27 January 2022	

Access to justice

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Crown court disposals	Jan - Dec 2022	91,609	Jan - Dec 2021	95,768		29 June 2023	28 September 2023 9:30am
Crown court outstanding	31 Dec 2022	62,511	31 Dec 2021	58,388		29 June 2023	28 September 2023 9:30am
Crown courts cracked trials	Jan - Dec 2022	26%	Jan - Dec 2021	29%		29 June 2023	28 September 2023 9:30am
Crown courts ineffective trials	Jan - Dec 2022	37%	Jan - Dec 2021	23%		29 June 2023	28 September 2023 9:30am
Magistrates' courts disposals	Jan - Dec 2022	1,266,872	Jan - Dec 2021	1,175,179		29 June 2023	28 September 2023 9:30am
Employment tribunals disposals	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	71,316	Apr 2021 - Mar 2022			8 June 2023	14 September 2023 9:30am

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Mean days from receipt at Crown Court to completion	Q1 (Jan- Mar) 2023	253	Q4 (Oct- Dec) 2022	248		29 June 2023	28 September 2023 9:30am
Number of receipts of adult rape cases at the Crown Court	Q1 (Jan- Mar) 2023	605	Q4 (Oct- Dec) 2022	512		29 June 2023	28 September 2023 9:30am
Civil courts - total judgments	Jan - Dec 2022	901,278	Jan - Dec 2021	980,474		1 June 2023	7 September 2023 9:30am
Family court - total cases disposed	Jan - Dec 2022	205,088	Jan - Dec 2021	249,529		29 June 2023	28 September 2023 9:30am
Tribunals disposals - overall	Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	265,628	Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	378,629		8 June 2023	14 September 2023 9:30am
Legal aid - overall annual expenditure (£m)	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	1,808 (£m)	Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	1,648 (£m)		17 July 2023	28 September 2023 9:30am

Flow through the Criminal Justice System - Year ending March 2022

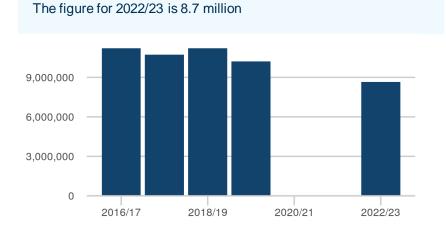


NOTES: Note A: Covers all indictable offences, including triable either way, plus a few closely associated summary offences. Excludes fraud offences recorded by Action Fraud/CIFAS/Financial Fraud Action UK. Note B: Includes males, females, persons where sex 'Not Stated and other offenders, i.e. companies, public bodies, etc. Note D: Defendants tried or sentenced at the Crown Court in a given year may have been committed for trial or sentence by a magistrate in a previous year. Note F: Prison receptions of offenders sentenced to immediate custody, excluding fine defaulters. Note G: Offenders starting Community Order or Suspended Sentence Order supervision by the Probation Service. Includes Suspended Sentence Orders without requirements.

Headline measures

Crime figures from Crime Survey of England and Wales

Incidents of crime against households and adults estimated from the Crime Survey for England and Wales. Includes fraud and computer misuse. Figures are survey estimates and subject to sampling variance. Therefore, figures in this chart are rounded to the nearest 100,000 incidents. Due to the suspension of the CSEW, data is not available between the year ending March 2020 and the year ending March 2022.



Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	11.2 million
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	10.7 million
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	11.2 million
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.2 million
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	8.7 million

Last published: 20 July 2023 Next release: 19 October 2023

Source: Crime in England and Wales



Police recorded crime in England and Wales

Police recorded crime statistics based on data from all 43 forces in England and Wales (including the British Transport Police). All offences including fraud and computer misuse.



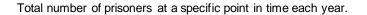
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	4.5 million
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	5.0 million
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	5.5 million
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	6.0 million
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	6.1 million
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	5.4 million
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	6.3 million
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	6.7 million

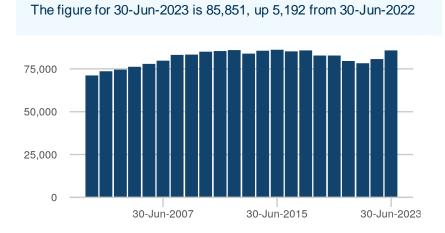
Last published: 20 July 2023 Next release: 19 October 2023

Source: Crime in England and Wales



Prison population





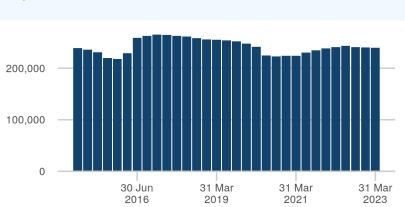
30-Jun-2016 85,134 30-Jun-2017 85,863 30-Jun-2018 82,773 30-Jun-2019 82,710 79,514 30-Jun-2020 78,324 30-Jun-2021 80,659 30-Jun-2022 30-Jun-2023 85,851

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly

Probation caseload

The statistics count each person once for each type of probation supervision being received on the date shown. In addition, each person is counted only once in each total or sub-total even if they were subject to several types of probation supervision at the year end (the examples above apply). Thus, the sum of the numbers receiving each type of court order probation supervision exceeds the number receiving court order probation supervision in total.



The figure for 31 Mar 2023 is 239,518, down 913 from 31 Dec 2022

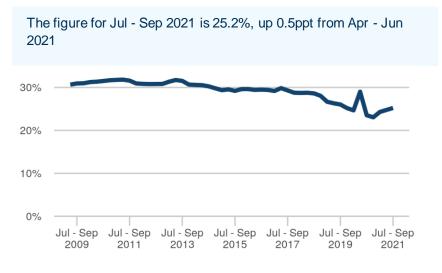
30 Jun 2021	230,578
30 Sep 2021	234,827
31 Dec 2021	238,500
31 Mar 2022	240,922
30 Jun 2022	243,127
30 Sep 2022	240,674
31 Dec 2022	240,431
31 Mar 2023	239,518

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly

Proven reoffending rate

Proportion of all offenders who reoffend (%). This latest offender cohort period overlaps with operational restrictions imposed due to the COVID-19 pandemic and a period of on-going recovery for the courts. As a result, volatility continues to be seen in the reoffending figures, with overall proven reoffending down from the same quarter last year but up from the previous quarter.



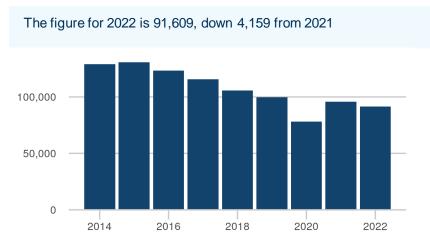
Oct - Dec 2019	25.2%
Jan - Mar 2020	24.7%
Apr - Jun 2020	29.0%
Jul - Sep 2020	23.5%
Oct - Dec 2020	23.1%
Jan - Mar 2021	24.3%
Apr - Jun 2021	24.8%
Jul - Sep 2021	25.2%

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Proven reoffending statistics

Crown court disposals

A count of the number of cases only when all the offences have been completed (following a validation process) in the reporting period. Disposals figures in this report may change if the case results are entered after the first collation of the data.



Jan - Dec 2015	130,757
Jan - Dec 2016	123,218
Jan - Dec 2017	115,703
Jan - Dec 2018	105,751
Jan - Dec 2019	99,630
Jan - Dec 2020	78,202
Jan - Dec 2021	95,768
Jan - Dec 2022	91,609

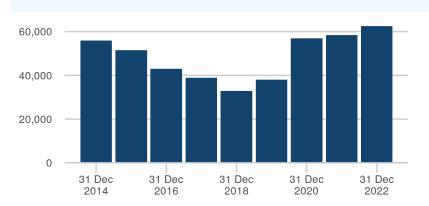
Last published: 29 June 2023 Next release: 28 September 2023

Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Crown court outstanding

A count of all cases where one or more offence remains incomplete. The data is a snapshot based on outstanding cases on the final day of the reporting period. This is a count of live cases on the system and is not a calculation based on receipts and disposals. Transferred cases may be double counted for a period while they show in both sending and receiving courts; offences subsequently entered in error may change the categorisation of the case.



The figure for 31 Dec 2022 is 62,511, up 4,123 from 31 Dec 2021

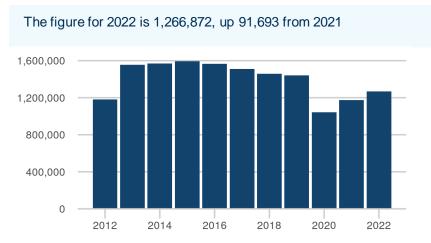
31 Dec 2015	51,585
31 Dec 2016	42,942
31 Dec 2017	38,828
31 Dec 2018	32,882
31 Dec 2019	37,958
31 Dec 2020	56,905
31 Dec 2021	58,388
31 Dec 2022	62,511

Last published: 29 June 2023 Next release: 28 September 2023

Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly

Magistrates' courts disposals

A count of the number of cases only when all the offences have been completed (following a validation process) in the reporting period. Disposals figures in this report may change if the case results are entered after the first collation of the data.



1,594,051
1,566,357
1,509,022
1,456,735
1,441,903
1,041,021
1,175,179
1,266,872

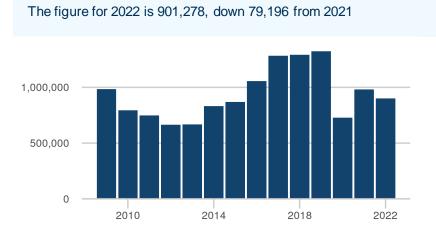
Last published: 29 June 2023 Next release: 28 September 2023

Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Civil courts - total judgments

Total number of judgments in the county courts. Some civil cases are resolved via mediation or settled out of court and don't proceed to a judgement.

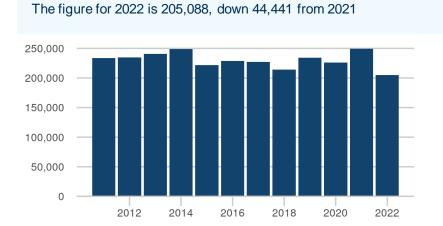


Jan - Dec 2015	867,665
Jan - Dec 2016	1,055,035
Jan - Dec 2017	1,284,364
Jan - Dec 2018	1,291,142
Jan - Dec 2019	1,323,750
Jan - Dec 2020	727,438
Jan - Dec 2021	980,474
Jan - Dec 2022	901,278

Last published: 1 June 2023 Next release: 7 September 2023

Source: Civil justice statistics





Family court - total cases disposed

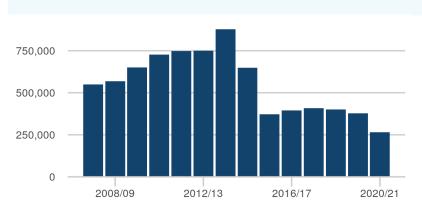
Total cases disposed at family court.

Jan - Dec 2015	221,558
Jan - Dec 2016	228,960
Jan - Dec 2017	226,980
Jan - Dec 2018	214,294
Jan - Dec 2019	234,344
Jan - Dec 2020	225,930
Jan - Dec 2021	249,529
Jan - Dec 2022	205,088

Last published: 29 June 2023 Next release: 28 September 2023

Source: Family court statistics quarterly

Tribunals disposals - overall



Latest published data: Data for 2021/22 and 2022/23 is not available. Please refer to the publication.

Apr 2013 - Mar 2014	878,007
Apr 2014 - Mar 2015	649,068
Apr 2015 - Mar 2016	372,926
Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	394,102
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	407,638
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	400,816
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	378,629
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	265,628

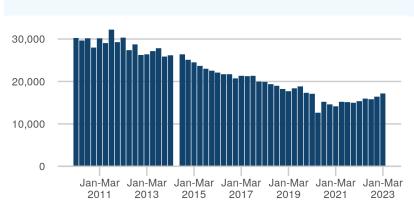
Last published: 8 June 2023 Next release: 14 September 2023

Source: Tribunals statistics quarterly

Public protection

Prison first receptions (quarterly)

A first reception is a measure which counts a prisoner's first movement into custody following a court hearing for a particular set of offences committed, and therefore gives the best indication of the number of new prisoners in the reporting period.

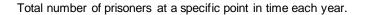


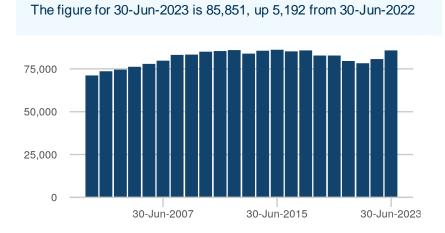
15,206
15,103
15,000
15,354
15,944
15,816
16,422
17,139

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly

Prison population



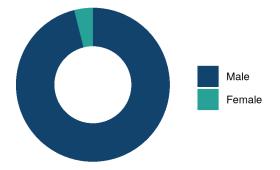


30-Jun-2016 85,134 30-Jun-2017 85,863 30-Jun-2018 82,773 30-Jun-2019 82,710 79,514 30-Jun-2020 78,324 30-Jun-2021 80,659 30-Jun-2022 30-Jun-2023 85,851

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly

Prison population by sex: 30 Jun 2023

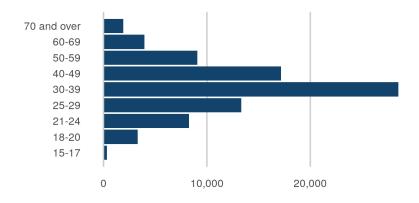


Male	82,481 prisoners
Female	3,370 prisoners

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly





Prison population by age: 30 Jun 2023

15-17	326 prisoners
18-20	3,299 prisoners
21-24	8,258 prisoners
25-29	13,332 prisoners
30-39	28,524 prisoners
40-49	17,174 prisoners
50-59	9,081 prisoners
60-69	3,954 prisoners
70 and over	1,903 prisoners

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly

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Prison population by offence: 30 Jun 2023

Prison population under an immediate custodial sentence by offence group. Excludes remand and non-criminal prisoners.

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Offence not recorded Summary motoring Summary Non-Motoring Fraud Offences Miscellaneous crimes against society Public order offences Possession of weapons Drug offences Criminal damage and arson Theft Offences Robbery Sexual offences

Violence against the person		
Violence against the person	21,919	
Sexual offences	13,788	
Robbery	6,122	
Theft Offences	6,568	
Criminal damage and arson	1,067	
Drug offences	11,723	
Possession of weapons	2,465	
Public order offences	1,441	
Miscellaneous crimes against society	2,230	
Fraud Offences	590	
Summary Non-Motoring	1,265	
Summary motoring	289	
Offence not recorded	280	

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

5,000 10,000 15,000 20,000

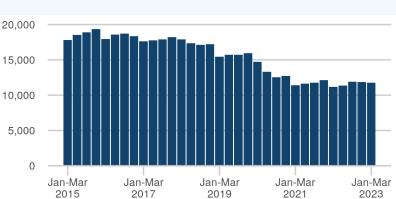
Source: Offender management statistics quarterly

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Prison releases (quarterly)

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A release is defined as a release from prison where the prisoner has finished serving the custodial term of their sentence(s) and excludes: civil noncriminal prisoners; persons committed to custody for non-payment of a fine; releases to hospital; deported prisoners from HMPPS operated Immigration Removal Centres (IRCs); and releases following recall after release on licence, except occasions: where the offender has committed a new offence and is committed to custody for a new sentence and the subsequent release date falls after the sentence expiry date of the original sentence; or where upon release the offender is subject to the licence condition of the new custodial sentence.



2022	
20.000	
_0,000	

The figure for Jan-Mar 2023 is 11,770, down 110 from Oct-Dec

11,623
11,750
12,112
11,198
11,359
11,886
11,880
11,770

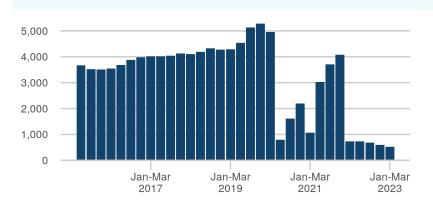
Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



Individuals released on temporary licence

Release on Temporary Licence (ROTL) is the mechanism under which offenders may be released into the community, generally towards the end of their sentences, for rehabilitative purposes. It can play an important role in public protection by allowing risk management plans for offenders to be tested in the community under strict conditions before they are released. It also provides a valuable means of helping offenders prepare for their resettlement in the community by, for example, finding work or rebuilding links with their families, which helps to reduce reoffending.



The figure for Jan-Mar 2023 is 524, down 72 from Oct-Dec 2022

Apr-Jun 2021	3,026
Jul-Sep 2021	3,712
Oct-Dec 2021	4,082
Jan - Mar 2022	729
Apr - Jun 2022	734
Jul - Sep 2022	679
Oct - Dec 2022	596
Jan - Mar 2023	524

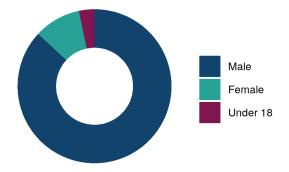
Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



Prison type - male / female: August 2022

Prisons count by male, female and children (under 18 years old) establishments.



Male	106 prisons
Female	12 prisons
Under 18	4 prisons

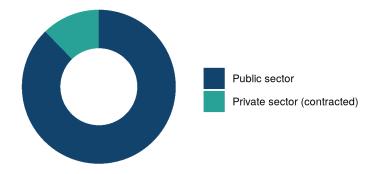
Last published: 31 August 2022

Source: Prisons and their resettlement providers



Prison type - public / private: August 2022

Prisons count by ownership.



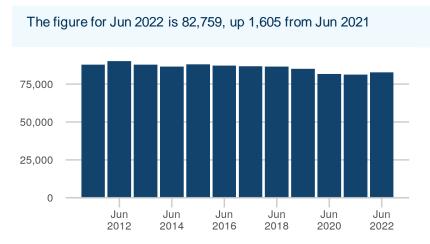
Public sector	107 prisons
Private sector (contracted)	15 prisons

Last published: 31 August 2022

Source: Prisons and their resettlement providers

Prison operational capacity

The operational capacity of a prison is the total number of prisoners that an establishment can hold taking into account control, security and the proper operation of the planned regime. This measure reports the useable operational capacity of the estate, which is the sum of all establishments' operational capacity less an operating margin. Figures are taken on the last working Friday of June each year.



Jun 2015	87,968
Jun 2016	87,170
Jun 2017	86,849
Jun 2018	86,491
Jun 2019	85,056
Jun 2020	81,749
Jun 2021	81,154
Jun 2022	82,759

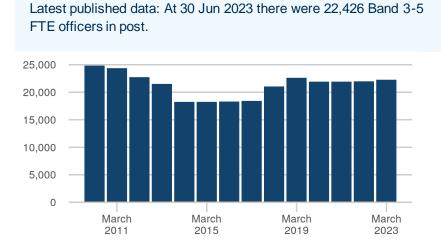
Last published: 28 October 2022

Source: Prison population statistics



Prison staff in post (bands 3-5)

The chart shows Band 3-5 prison officer staff (full time equivalent) at the end of each financial year.



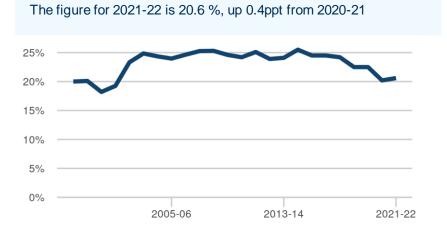
March 2016	18,327
March 2017	18,403
March 2018	21,038
March 2019	22,630
March 2020	21,928
March 2021	21,926
March 2022	22,001
March 2023	22,288

Last published: 17 August 2023 Next release: 16 November 2023

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service workforce quarterly

Crowding

Percentage of prisoners held in crowded accommodation.



Apr 2014 to Mar 2015	25.5 %
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	24.5 %
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	24.5 %
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	24.2 %
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	22.5 %
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	22.5 %
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	20.2 %
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	20.6 %

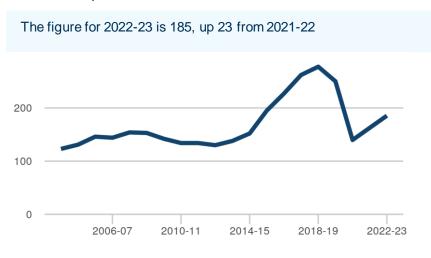
Last published: 28 July 2022

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



Prisoner on prisoner assaults per 1,000 prisoners

Assaults in prison custody cover a wide range of violent incidents including fights between prisoners. From time to time, events in prison custody and developments within and outside the Ministry of Justice have changed the safety in prisons is viewed and managed. Some have resulted in changes to the way offenders are managed, others have affected the way statistics are collected and reported.



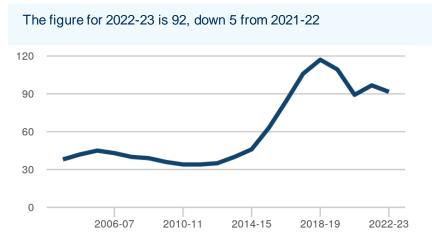
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	195
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	227
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	262
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	277
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	250
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	140
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	163
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	185

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Safety in custody statistics

Assaults on staff per 1,000 prisoners

Assaults in prison custody cover a wide range of violent incidents including attacks on staff. From time to time, events in prison custody and developments within and outside Ministry of Justice have changed the way safety in prisons is viewed and managed. Some have resulted in changes to the way offenders are managed, others have affected the way statistics are collected and reported.



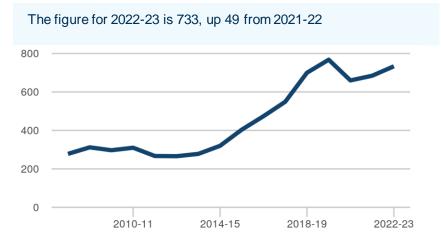
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	63
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	84
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	106
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	117
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	109
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	89
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	97
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	92

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Safety in custody statistics

Self-harm incidents per 1,000 prisoners

Self-harm in prison covers a wide range of severity and type of incident, including cutting, overdose or hanging.



Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	404
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	474
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	549
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	700
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	768
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	660
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	684
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	733

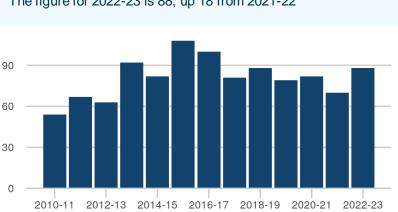
Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Safety in custody statistics



Self inflicted deaths

The number of self inflicted deaths in prisons.



The figure for 2022-23 is 88, up 18 from 2021-22

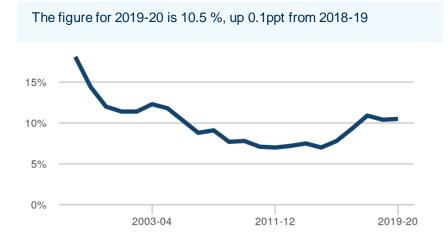
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	108
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	100
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	81
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	88
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	79
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	82
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	70
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	88

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Safety in custody statistics

Random mandatory drug testing (traditional drugs)

The percentage of random mandatory drug tests which show drugs to be present, hence a downward trend is positive. This measure excludes tests for new psychoactive substances. The values for 2018/19 onwards are calculated using a new weighted methodology - please refer to the relevant publication for more details.



Apr 2012 to Mar 2013	7.2 %
Apr 2013 to Mar 2014	7.5 %
Apr 2014 to Mar 2015	7.0 %
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	7.8 %
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	9.3 %
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	10.9 %
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	10.4 %
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.5 %

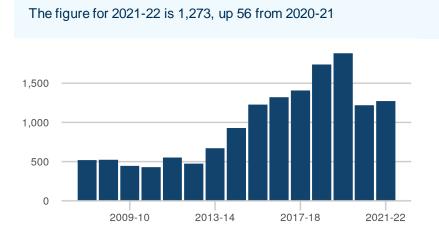
Last published: 28 July 2022

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



Barricades or prevention of access

The number of incidents where where one or more offenders deny access to all or part of a prison to those lawfully empowered to have such access, by use of a physical barrier.



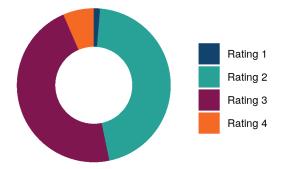
Apr 2014 to Mar 2015	929
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	1,229
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	1,320
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	1,406
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	1,737
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	1,882
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	1,217
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	1,273

Last published: 28 July 2022

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest

Risk management audit: 2021-22

An announced audit to determine how effectively the prison is assessing and managing risks of violence and self-harm. The risk management audit is carried out approximately every three years. The data presented here shows the most recent assessment for each prison establishment. The summary percentage is based on audits published internally by HMPPS. The annual prison performance ratings publication includes audits which had not been published when it was released and were therefore suppressed from the data tables. Including these suppressed scores, the overall percentage of prisons scoring a 3 or 4 is 53.3%



Rating 1	1 prisons
Rating 2	35 prisons
Rating 3	36 prisons
Rating 4	5 prisons

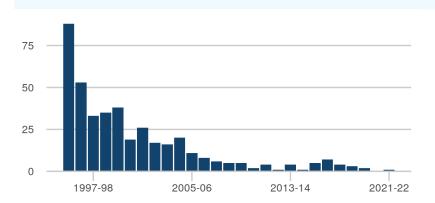
Last published: 27 July 2023

Source: Prison performance ratings



Escapes from prison establishments and HMPPS escort

A prisoner escapes from prison if they unlawfully gain their liberty (for 15 minutes or more) by breaching the secure perimeter of a closed prison, or if during prison staff escort, overcome the control of escorting staff and leave the escort, the van or the building (hospital etc.). Those who escape for less than 15 minutes and commit an offence are also recorded as an escape. Escapes are monitored to analyse the frequency across the estate and identify any trends nationally, also taking into consideration the management of risk to the public.



The figure for 2021-22 is 1, up 1 from 2020-21

Apr 2014 to Mar 2015	1
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	5
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	7
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	4
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	3
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	2
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	0
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	1

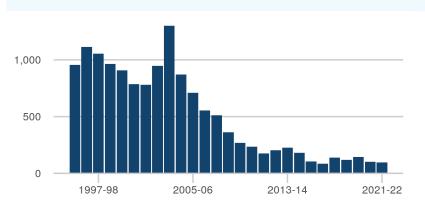
Last published: 28 July 2022

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



Absconds

An abscond is an escape that does not involve overcoming a physical security restraint such as that provided by a wall or fence, locks, bolts or bars, a secure vehicle, handcuffs or the direct supervision of staff. Absconds are monitored to analyse the frequency across the open estate and identify any trends nationally also taking into consideration, the management of risk to the public. It is only possible to abscond from open prison conditions.



The figure for 2021-22 is 95	, down 6 from 2020-21
------------------------------	-----------------------

Apr 2014 to Mar 2015	181
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	105
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	86
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	139
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	119
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	143
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	101
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	95

Last published: 28 July 2022

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



Security audit: 2022-23

An internal audit that assesses, on a four point scale, the level to which effective security procedures are adhered to within each prison. There is no structured frequency for how often the security audit takes place, with the exception of long term high security prison establishments which are audited annually. The data presented here shows the most recent assessment for each prison establishment. The summary percentage is based on audits published internally by HMPPS. The annual prison performance ratings publication includes audits which had not been published when it was released and were therefore suppressed from the data tables. Including these suppressed scores, the overall percentage of prisons scoring a 3 or 4 is 85.8%



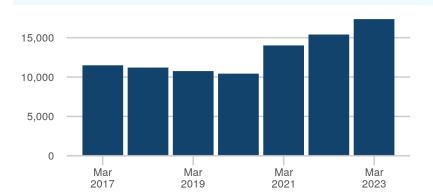
Rating 1	7 prisons
Rating 2	16 prisons
Rating 3	57 prisons
Rating 4	37 prisons

Last published: 27 July 2023

Source: Prison performance ratings

Electronic monitoring caseload

Total caseload.



The figure for Mar 2023 is 17,350, up 1,956 from Mar 2022

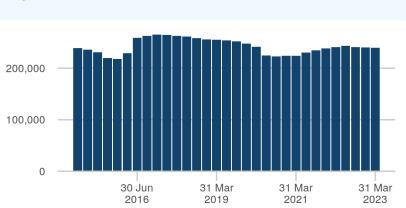
31 March 2017	11,490
31 March 2018	11,205
31 March 2019	10,771
31 March 2020	10,422
31 March 2021	13,996
31 March 2022	15,394
31 March 2023	17,350

Last published: 20 July 2023

Source: Electronic Monitoring Statistics Publication

Probation caseload

The statistics count each person once for each type of probation supervision being received on the date shown. In addition, each person is counted only once in each total or sub-total even if they were subject to several types of probation supervision at the year end (the examples above apply). Thus, the sum of the numbers receiving each type of court order probation supervision exceeds the number receiving court order probation supervision in total.



The figure for 31 Mar 2023 is 239,518, down 913 from 31 Dec 2022

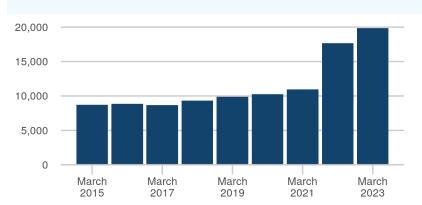
30 Jun 2021	230,578
30 Sep 2021	234,827
31 Dec 2021	238,500
31 Mar 2022	240,922
30 Jun 2022	243,127
30 Sep 2022	240,674
31 Dec 2022	240,431
31 Mar 2023	239,518

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly

Staff in post (Probation Service)

Full time equivalent staff in post for the Probation Service (PS) at the end of each financial year. (Workforce data for private sector Community Rehabilitation Companies is not published). During November and December 2019, over 1,200 PS staff moved to the Community and Interventions directorate, part of HMPPS HQ and areas services. In the same quarter, over 300 staff in Wales were transferred from privately run CRCs to HMPPS, into the new "PS Wales UM transition". In late June 2021, more than 7,000 staff from private sector Community Rehabilitation Companies (CRC) came together with probation staff already in the public sector in the new Probation Service.



Latest published data: At 30 Jun 2023 there were 20,055 FTE staff in post.

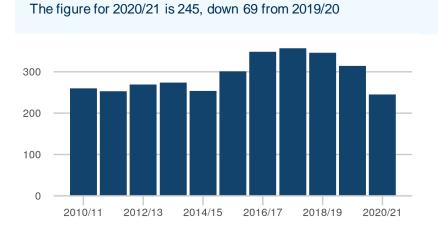
March 2016	8,835
March 2017	8,693
March 2018	9,310
March 2019	9,879
March 2020	10,265
March 2021	10,958
March 2022	17,648
March 2023	19,850

Last published: 17 August 2023 Next release: 16 November 2023

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service workforce quarterly

Serious further offence convictions

SFO conviction figures are reported by the date of SFO notification. This is the date on which the supervising probation region notifies HM Prison and Probation Service (HMPPS) that an offender under its supervision has appeared in court charged with an offence which qualifies for an SFO review.



Apr 2013 - Mar 2014	274
Apr 2014 - Mar 2015	254
Apr 2015 - Mar 2016	301
Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	348
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	357
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	346
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	314
Apr 2020- Mar 2021	245

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

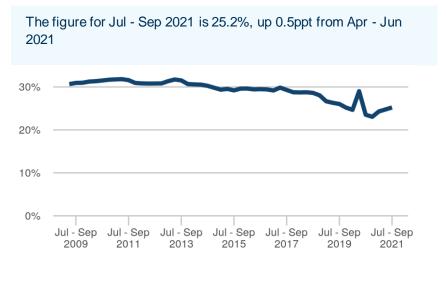
Source: Proven reoffending statistics



Reduce reoffending

Proven reoffending rate

Proportion of all offenders who reoffend (%). This latest offender cohort period overlaps with operational restrictions imposed due to the COVID-19 pandemic and a period of on-going recovery for the courts. As a result, volatility continues to be seen in the reoffending figures, with overall proven reoffending down from the same quarter last year but up from the previous quarter.



Oct - Dec 2019	25.2%
Jan - Mar 2020	24.7%
Apr - Jun 2020	29.0%
Jul - Sep 2020	23.5%
Oct - Dec 2020	23.1%
Jan - Mar 2021	24.3%
Apr - Jun 2021	24.8%
Jul - Sep 2021	25.2%

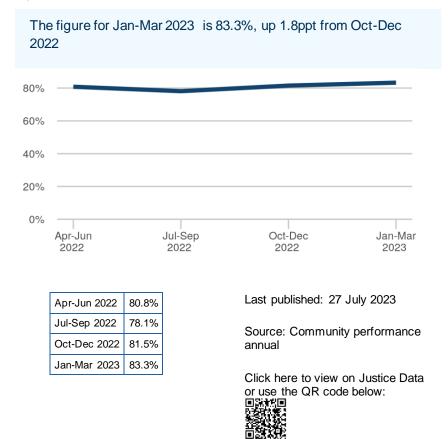
Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 26 October 2023

Source: Proven reoffending statistics



Housed on release from custody (SL014)

The proportion of individuals in settled or temporary accommodation on the night of release from custody.



Settled accommodation at 3 months post release from custody (SL015a)

The proportion of individuals in settled accommodation at three months post release for custodial sentences.

The 202	e figure for Ja 22	an-Mar	2023 is	s 72.7%	%, up 0.2ppt	from Oc	t-Dec
60%							
40%							
20%							
0%	Apr-Jun 2022		Jul-Sep 2022		Oct-Dec 2022		Jan-Mar 2023
	Apr-Jun 2022	70.5%			Last published	: 27 July	2023
	Jul-Sep 2022	70.8%			Source: Comr	nunity nor	formanco
	Oct-Dec 2022	72.5%			annual	nunity per	Tormance
	Jan-Mar 2023	72.7%			Click here to v or use the QR		

Settled accommodation at 3 months post community (SL015b)

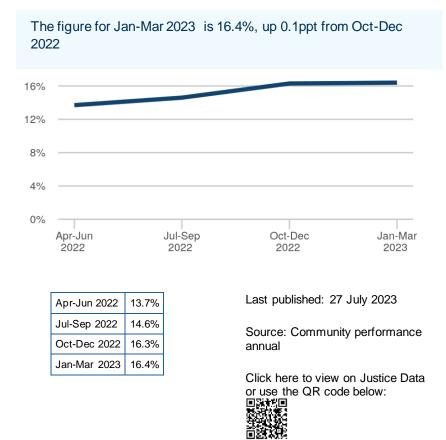
The proportion of individuals in settled accommodation at three months post disposal for community sentences.

The 202	e figure for Ja 22	an-Mar	2023 i:	s 82.0'	%, up 1.9ppt	from Oc	t-Dec
80%							
60%							
40%							
20%							
0%	Apr-Jun 2022		Jul-Sep 2022		Oct-Dec 2022		Jan-Mar 2023
	Apr-Jun 2022	82.8%			Last published	d: 27 July	2023
	Jul-Sep 2022	81.6%			Source: Com	munity ner	formance
	Oct-Dec 2022	80.1%			annual	findinty per	Tormance
	Jan-Mar 2023	82.0%			Click here to or use the QF 교급값		

論進

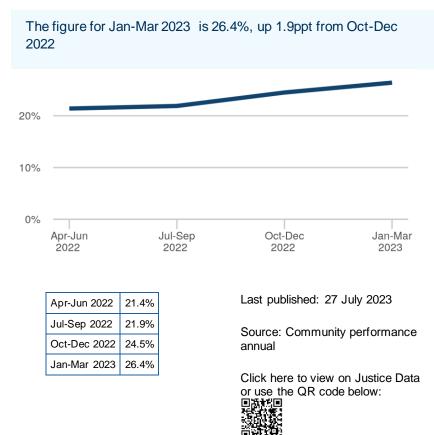
Employed at 6 weeks post release from custody (SL016)

The proportion of individuals in employment at six weeks after release from custody.



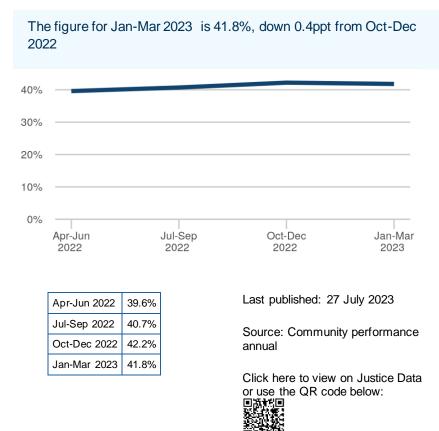
Employed at 6 months post release from custody (SL017a)

The proportion of individuals in employment at six months post release for custodial sentences.



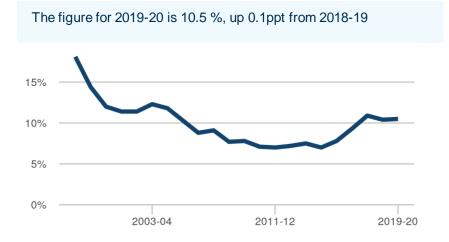
Employed at 6 months post community disposal (SL017b)

The proportion of individuals in employment at six months post disposal for community sentences.



Random mandatory drug testing (traditional drugs)

The percentage of random mandatory drug tests which show drugs to be present, hence a downward trend is positive. This measure excludes tests for new psychoactive substances. The values for 2018/19 onwards are calculated using a new weighted methodology - please refer to the relevant publication for more details.



Apr 2012 to Mar 2013	7.2 %
Apr 2013 to Mar 2014	7.5 %
Apr 2014 to Mar 2015	7.0 %
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	7.8 %
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	9.3 %
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	10.9 %
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	10.4 %
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.5 %

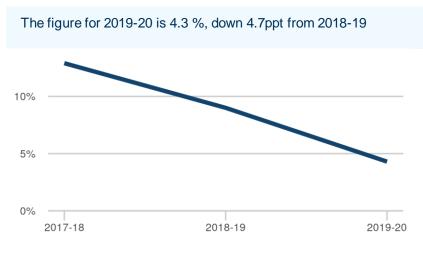
Last published: 28 July 2022

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



Random mandatory drug testing - new psychoactive substances only

The percentage of random mandatory drug tests which show drugs to be present, hence a downward trend is positive. This measure includes tests for new psychoactive substances ("NPS"), as defined in the Psychoactive Substances Act 2016. Note this measure replaces "random mandatory drug testing including new psychoactive substances".



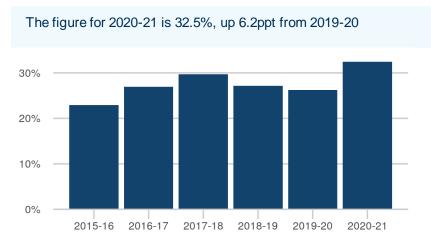
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	12.9 %
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	9.0 %
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	4.3 %

Last published: 28 July 2022

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest

Prisoners completing treatment free from dependence

The percentage of adults exiting treatment free from dependence on drugs or alcohol.



Apr 2015 - Mar 2016	22.9%
Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	27.0%
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	29.7%
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	27.2%
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	26.3%
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	32.5%

Last published: 27 January 2022

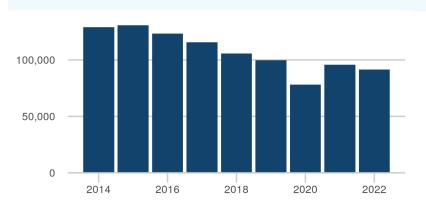
Source: Alcohol and drug treatment statistics: prisons and secure settings



Access to justice

Crown court disposals

A count of the number of cases only when all the offences have been completed (following a validation process) in the reporting period. Disposals figures in this report may change if the case results are entered after the first collation of the data.



The figure for 2022 is 91,609, down 4,159 from 2021

130,757
123,218
115,703
105,751
99,630
78,202
95,768
91,609

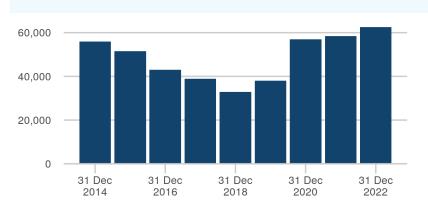
Last published: 29 June 2023 Next release: 28 September 2023

Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Crown court outstanding

A count of all cases where one or more offence remains incomplete. The data is a snapshot based on outstanding cases on the final day of the reporting period. This is a count of live cases on the system and is not a calculation based on receipts and disposals. Transferred cases may be double counted for a period while they show in both sending and receiving courts; offences subsequently entered in error may change the categorisation of the case.



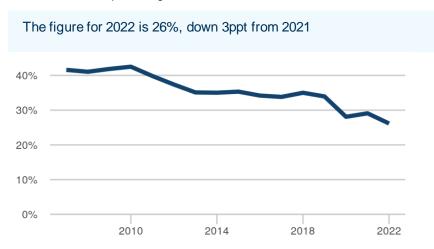
The figure for 31 Dec 2022 is 62,511, up 4,123 from 31 Dec 2021

31 Dec 2015	51,585
31 Dec 2016	42,942
31 Dec 2017	38,828
31 Dec 2018	32,882
31 Dec 2019	37,958
31 Dec 2020	56,905
31 Dec 2021	58,388
31 Dec 2022	62,511

Last published: 29 June 2023 Next release: 28 September 2023

Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly

Crown courts cracked trials



Cracked trials as a percentage of total trials.

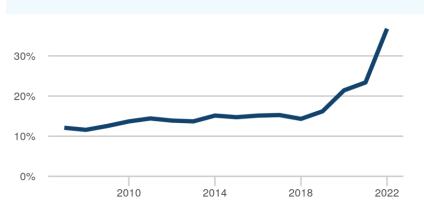
Jan - Dec 2015	35%
Jan - Dec 2016	34%
Jan - Dec 2017	34%
Jan - Dec 2018	35%
Jan - Dec 2019	34%
Jan - Dec 2020	28%
Jan - Dec 2021	29%
Jan - Dec 2022	26%

Last published: 29 June 2023 Next release: 28 September 2023

Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly

Crown courts ineffective trials

Ineffective trials as a percentage of total trials.



The figure for 2022 is 37%, up 13ppt from 2021

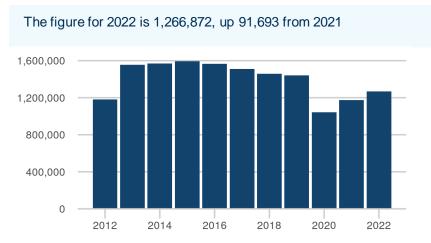
Jan - Dec 2015	15%
Jan - Dec 2016	15%
Jan - Dec 2017	15%
Jan - Dec 2018	14%
Jan - Dec 2019	16%
Jan - Dec 2020	21%
Jan - Dec 2021	23%
Jan - Dec 2022	37%

Last published: 29 June 2023 Next release: 28 September 2023

Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly

Magistrates' courts disposals

A count of the number of cases only when all the offences have been completed (following a validation process) in the reporting period. Disposals figures in this report may change if the case results are entered after the first collation of the data.



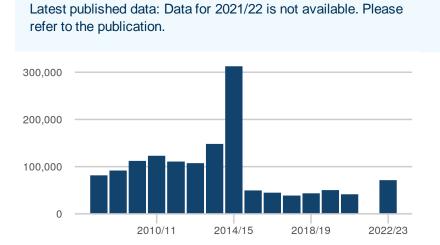
Jan - Dec 2015 1,594,051 Jan - Dec 2016 1,566,357 Jan - Dec 2017 1,509,022 Jan - Dec 2018 1,456,735 Jan - Dec 2019 1,441,903
Jan - Dec 2017 1,509,022 Jan - Dec 2018 1,456,735 Jan - Dec 2019 1,441,903
Jan - Dec 2018 1,456,735 Jan - Dec 2019 1,441,903
Jan - Dec 2019 1,441,903
L. D. 0000 4.044.004
Jan - Dec 2020 1,041,021
Jan - Dec 2021 1,175,179
Jan - Dec 2022 1,266,872

Last published: 29 June 2023 Next release: 28 September 2023

Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Employment tribunals disposals



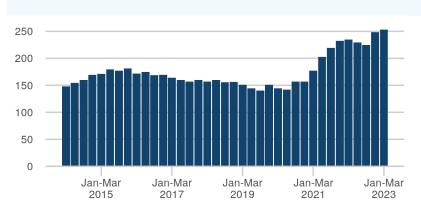
Apr 2015 - Mar 201649,529Apr 2016 - Mar 201745,177Apr 2017 - Mar 201838,671Apr 2018 - Mar 201943,594Apr 2019 - Mar 202050,217Apr 2020 - Mar 202141,622Apr 2021 - Mar 20222Apr 2022 - Mar 202371,316

Last published: 8 June 2023 Next release: 14 September 2023

Source: Tribunals statistics quarterly

Mean days from receipt at Crown Court to completion

Completion means any outcome, including guilty pleas, acquittals and convictions. Data from the Crown Court timeliness tool (all offences, all cases closed).



The figure for Jan-Mar 2023 is 253, up 5 days from Oct-Dec 2022

Q2 (Apr-Jun) 2021	203
Q3 (Jul-Sep) 2021	219
Q4 (Oct-Dec) 2021	232
Q1 (Jan-Mar) 2022	235
Q2 (Apr-Jun) 2022	230
Q3 (Jul-Sep) 2022	225
Q4 (Oct-Dec) 2022	248
Q1 (Jan-Mar) 2023	253

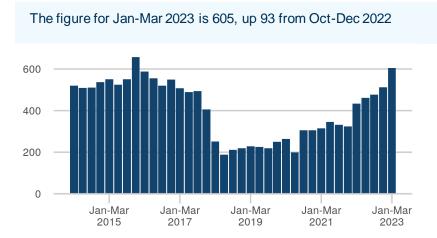
Last published: 29 June 2023 Next release: 28 September 2023

Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Number of receipts of adult rape cases at the Crown Court

Cases arriving at the Crown Court. Data from the Crown Court cases received, disposed and outstanding tool.



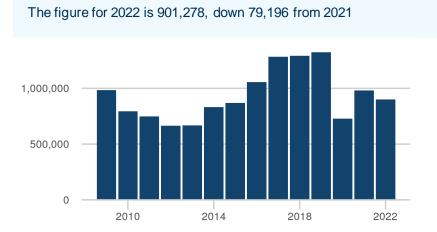
Q2 (Apr-Jun) 2021	346
Q3 (Jul-Sep) 2021	332
Q4 (Oct-Dec) 2021	324
Q1 (Jan-Mar) 2022	433
Q2 (Apr-Jun) 2022	461
Q3 (Jul-Sep) 2022	476
Q4 (Oct-Dec) 2022	512
Q1 (Jan-Mar) 2023	605

Last published: 29 June 2023 Next release: 28 September 2023

Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly

Civil courts - total judgments

Total number of judgments in the county courts. Some civil cases are resolved via mediation or settled out of court and don't proceed to a judgement.

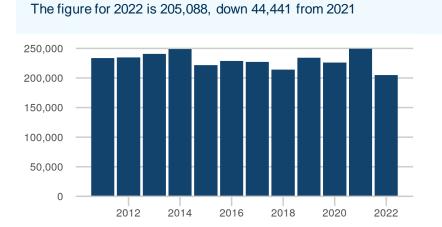


Jan - Dec 2015	867,665
Jan - Dec 2016	1,055,035
Jan - Dec 2017	1,284,364
Jan - Dec 2018	1,291,142
Jan - Dec 2019	1,323,750
Jan - Dec 2020	727,438
Jan - Dec 2021	980,474
Jan - Dec 2022	901,278

Last published: 1 June 2023 Next release: 7 September 2023

Source: Civil justice statistics





Family court - total cases disposed

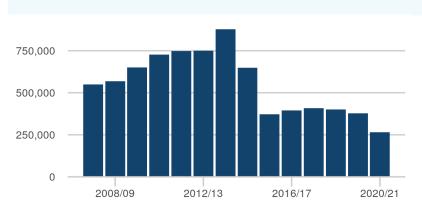
Total cases disposed at family court.

Jan - Dec 2015	221,558
Jan - Dec 2016	228,960
Jan - Dec 2017	226,980
Jan - Dec 2018	214,294
Jan - Dec 2019	234,344
Jan - Dec 2020	225,930
Jan - Dec 2021	249,529
Jan - Dec 2022	205,088

Last published: 29 June 2023 Next release: 28 September 2023

Source: Family court statistics quarterly

Tribunals disposals - overall



Latest published data: Data for 2021/22 and 2022/23 is not available. Please refer to the publication.

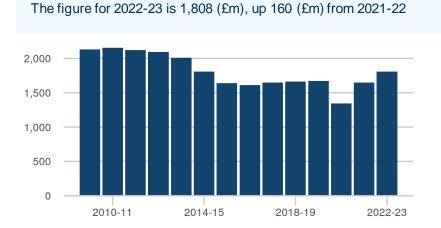
Apr 2013 - Mar 2014	878,007
Apr 2014 - Mar 2015	649,068
Apr 2015 - Mar 2016	372,926
Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	394,102
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	407,638
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	400,816
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	378,629
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	265,628

Last published: 8 June 2023 Next release: 14 September 2023

Source: Tribunals statistics quarterly

Legal aid - overall annual expenditure (£m)

The closed-claim measure of expenditure shows the total value of payments made to legal aid providers in relation to pieces of work that are completed in each period, even where a portion of the work may have taken place over previous periods. Most expenditure figures in the legal aid statistics are shown on this basis.



1,638 (£m)
1,610 (£m)
1,649 (£m)
1,661 (£m)
1,675 (£m)
1,344 (£m)
1,648 (£m)
1,808 (£m)

Last published: 17 July 2023 Next release: 28 September 2023

Source: Legal aid statistics

